



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

shall be fended away from such pier, wharf, or bulkhead (except during stormy weather) a distance of not less than 4 feet by short floating spars fastened together; and in such case the rat guard or protector on each line, rope, or hawser of such vessel shall be placed not more than 1 foot distant from said vessel.

SEC. 7. It shall be unlawful for any person in charge of any vessel to discharge or permit to be discharged from such vessel any freight, cargo, or passengers without maintaining a strict guard on all gangways, planks, or steps leading from said vessel to prevent the escape of rats from said vessel.

SEC. 8. It shall be unlawful for any person to unload or remove or to permit to be unloaded or removed any crated cargo from any vessel in the harbor of the city of Galveston until said crated cargo shall have been carefully inspected to insure against rats being brought ashore in such cargo.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall violate any section of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than \$25 and not exceeding \$200.

SEC. 10. The ordinance regulating vessels having sailed from or having touched at a port infected or suspected of infection with bubonic plague and regulating the docking of and berthing of such vessels and prescribing penalties as passed by the board of commissioners of the city of Galveston on July 25, 1912, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 11. This ordinance shall be in force and take effect from and after the due publication thereof as provided by law.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

HOSPITALS, SANATORIUMS, AND MATERNITY OR LYING-IN ASYLUMS—ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF. (ORDINANCE NO. 25032, ADOPTED MAY 7, 1912.)

SECTION 1. For the purpose of this ordinance a hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum is hereby defined to be any institution or place used for the reception or care, either temporary or continuous of one or more sick, injured, or dependent persons, including any woman or women awaiting confinement, or used for the treatment and care of one or more persons suffering from or afflicted with any mental or physical disease or bodily injury.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to establish, maintain, or conduct in the city of Los Angeles any hospital, sanatorium, sanitarium, or any maternity or lying-in asylum for the reception and care or treatment of any human being without first having obtained a permit, in writing, from the health commissioner of the city of Los Angeles so to do: *Provided, however*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to require any person, firm, or corporation to obtain such a permit if such person, firm, or corporation has, prior to the adoption of this ordinance, obtained a permit from the board of health or the health commissioner of said city for the purposes specified in this ordinance and such permit has not been suspended or revoked.

SEC. 3. The health commissioner shall have power to issue permits for any such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum, and every such permit shall specify the name and residence of the person, firm, or corporation conducting such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, or maternity or lying-in asylum, and the street and number where the same is located, and shall be revokable or suspended for cause by said health commissioner in any case where the provisions of this ordinance or the provisions of any of the ordinances of the city pertaining to sanitation and health or any of the rules and regulations of the health department are violated, or in any case where, in the judgment of the said health commissioner, such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum is being managed, conducted, or maintained without due regard to the health, comfort, or morality of the inmates thereof, or without due regard to proper sanitary or hygienic arrangement or appliances. Said permit shall not be issued unless it appears to the health

commissioner that such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum conforms in arrangement, sanitation, and equipment to the provisions of the ordinances of the city of Los Angeles and all rules and regulations of the health department of said city pertaining thereto.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to establish, operate, maintain, or conduct within the city of Los Angeles any hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, or other place for the reception and care of persons affected with tuberculosis, diphtheria, or scarlet fever within 200 feet of any church, schoolhouse, or dwelling.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of every person, firm, or corporation operating or maintaining a hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, or maternity or lying-in asylum to keep a register wherein shall be entered the names and addresses of all inmates or persons received for treatment, or treated, in such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, or maternity or lying-in asylum, and of all children born therein. Said register shall also contain the name and age of every child who is given out to, or adopted, or taken therefrom by any person, together with the name and residence of the person so adopting or taking such child therefrom, and, within 48 hours after such child is given out or taken away the person, firm, or corporation operating or conducting such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, or maternity or lying-in asylum shall cause a correct copy of the register relating to such child to be delivered to the health commissioner of said city.

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation conducting, managing, maintaining, or in control of any hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum to fail, neglect, or refuse to permit or allow the health commissioner, his assistants, deputies, or inspectors, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect any such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum and to visit the inmates therein and to inspect the permit and the register and the sanitary condition of any such hospital, sanitarium, sanatorium, maternity or lying-in asylum.

SEC. 6. That any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$500, or by imprisonment in the city jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 7. That ordinance No. 13309 (new series), approved September 8, 1906, and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed; provided, that any such repeal shall not affect or prevent the prosecution and punishment of any person, firm, or corporation for any act done or permitted in violation of any ordinance which may be repealed by this ordinance, and shall not affect any prosecution or action which may be pending in any court for the violation of any ordinance repealed by this ordinance.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

TUBERCULOSIS—DIVISION OF, CREATED IN HEALTH DEPARTMENT. (ORDINANCE ADOPTED JUNE 24, 1912.)

SECTION 1. There is hereby created a division of the city health department to be known as the "division of tuberculosis," and there is hereby further created the position of chief of the division of tuberculosis, two tuberculosis nurses, and one stenographer-clerk.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the chief of the division of tuberculosis to carry out, under the direction of the commissioner of health, such work as may be undertaken by the health department toward eliminating tuberculosis and its causes in the city of Milwaukee. It shall further be the duty of said chief to direct the activities of said tuberculosis nurses herein created or other employees which may hereafter be created. It shall further be the duty of said chief of the division of tuberculosis